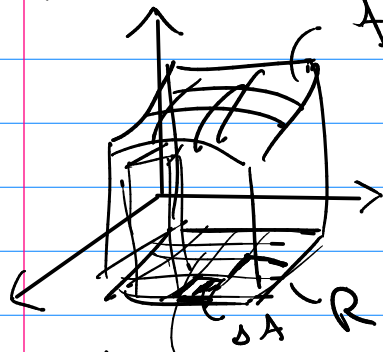


Math 344

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

(2x) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ch 14 Change $f_x, f_y, f_{xx},$



ch 15

Sous

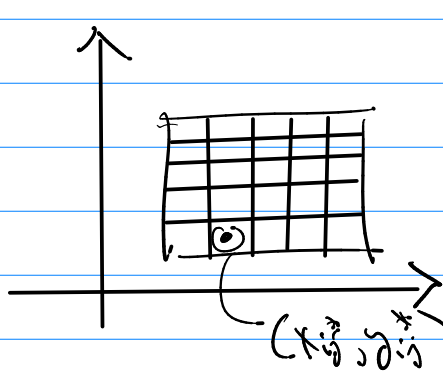
"Integration"

Def
of

15.1 Find Volume

$$\iint_R f(x, y) dA = \lim_{M, N \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N f(x_{ij}^*, y_{ij}^*) \Delta A$$

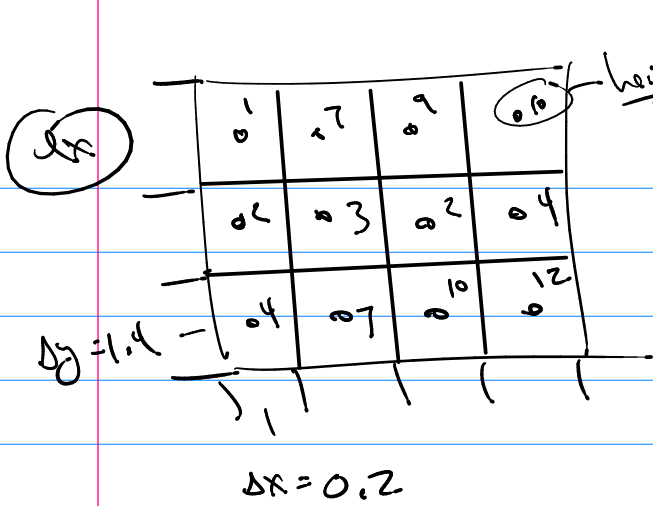
approximate: $\iint_R f(x, y) dA \approx \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N f(x_{ij}^*, y_{ij}^*) \Delta A$



technique: picking (x_{ij}^*, y_{ij}^*)

of the grid. height = $f(x_{ij}^*, y_{ij}^*)$

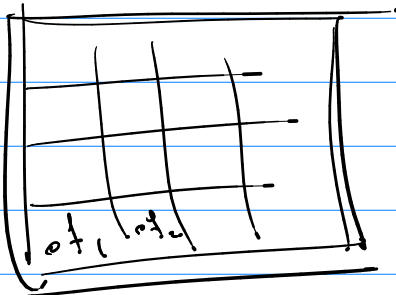
midpt approx: $\Delta A (f(\text{midpt}_1) + f(\text{midpt}_2) + \dots)$



$$\Delta A = 0.28$$

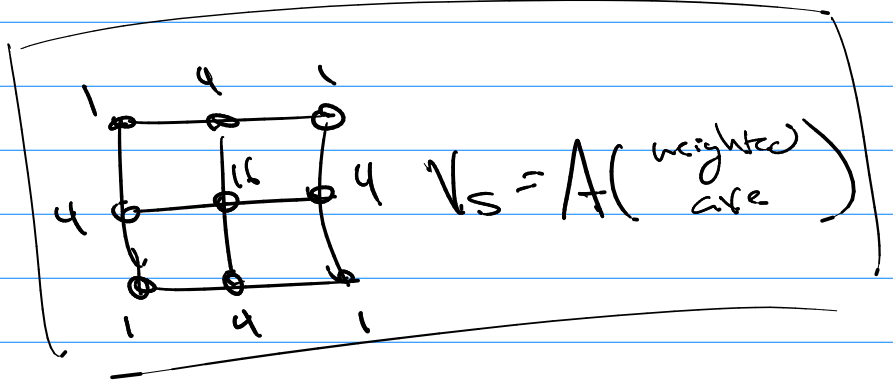
$$Vol \approx 0.28 (1 + 7 + 9 + 10 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 4 + 4 + 7 + 10 + 12)$$

or



$$Area = A$$

$$Vol \approx A_0 (\text{ave } f\text{'s})$$

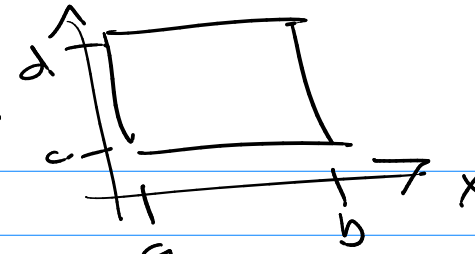
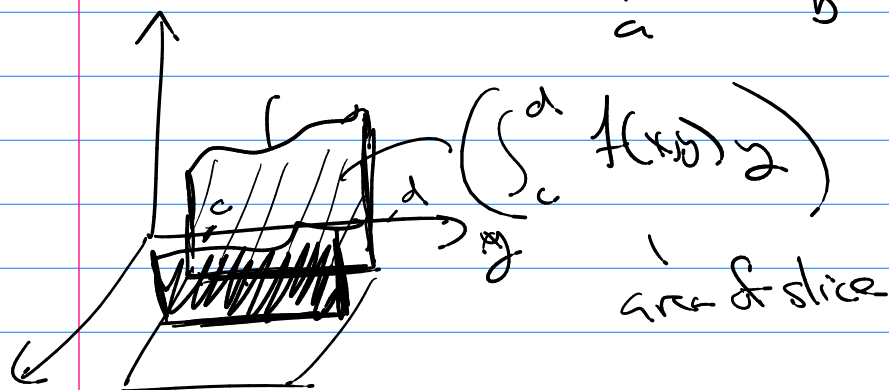
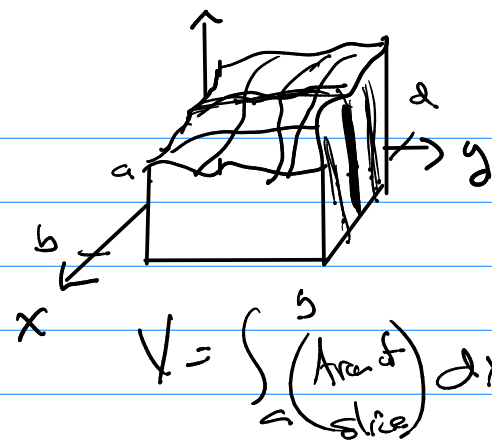


if given $f(x,y)$ as a function..

$$\iint_R f(x,y) dA = ?$$

$\frac{d}{dx}$ idea $\int_a^b f(x) dx = \left[\int f(x) dx \right]_a^b = F(b) - F(a)$

Consider R as

$$\iint_R f(x,y) dA = \int_a^b \left[\int_c^d f(x,y) dy \right] dx$$

or

$$\iint_R f(x,y) dA = \int_c^d \left[\int_a^b f(x,y) dx \right] dy$$

Iterated Integrals

Ass: $f(x,y) = h(x)g(y)$

ex $f(x,y) = \frac{x^2 \sin(y)}{\sqrt{1+x}} = \left(\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right) (\sin y)$

then:

$$\iint_R f(x,y) dA = \left(\int_a^b h(x) dx \right) \left(\int_c^d g(y) dy \right)$$

Q1 $f(x,y) = x^2 + xy + y^2$ over $[0,2] \times [0,3]$

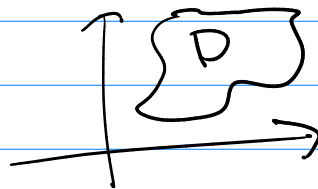
$$\iint_R (x^2 + xy + y^2) dA = \int_0^2 \left[\int_0^3 (x^2 + xy + y^2) dy \right] dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 \left[xy + \frac{1}{2}xy^2 + \frac{1}{3}y^3 \Big|_0^3 \right] dx$$

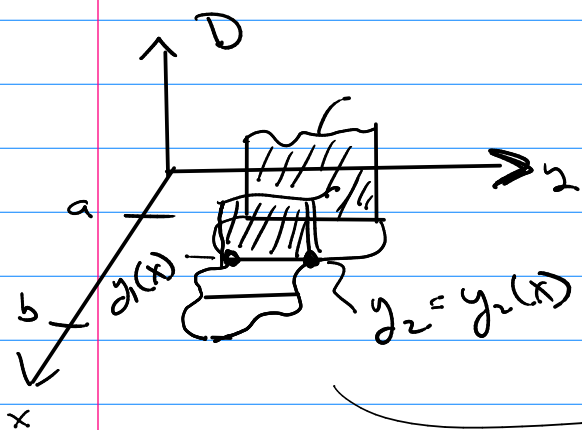
$$= \int_0^2 \left[3x^2 + \frac{9}{2}x + 9 \right] dx$$

$$= x^3 + \frac{9}{2}x^2 + 9x \Big|_0^2 = 8 + 9 + 18 - 0 = 35 \text{ units}^3$$

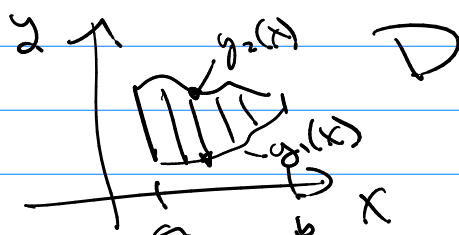
15.2 Double Integral over

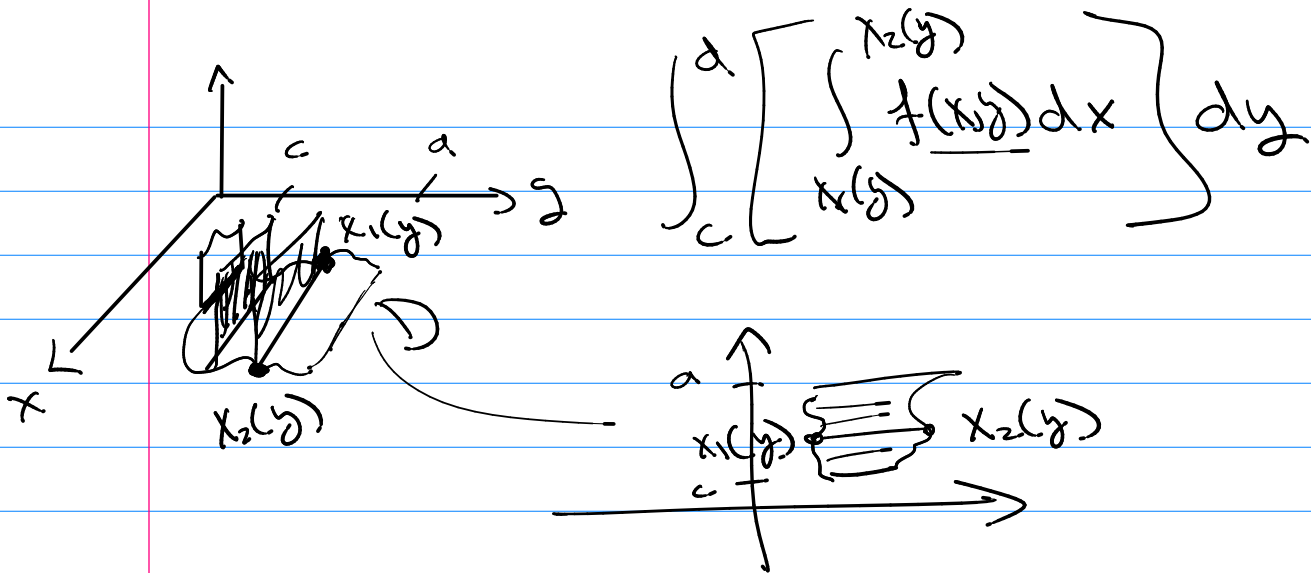


$$\iint_D f(x,y) dA$$



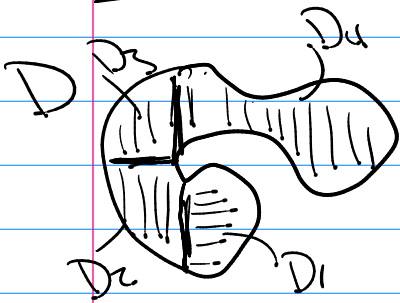
$$\int_a^b \left[\int_{y_1(x)}^{y_2(x)} f(x,y) dy \right] dx$$





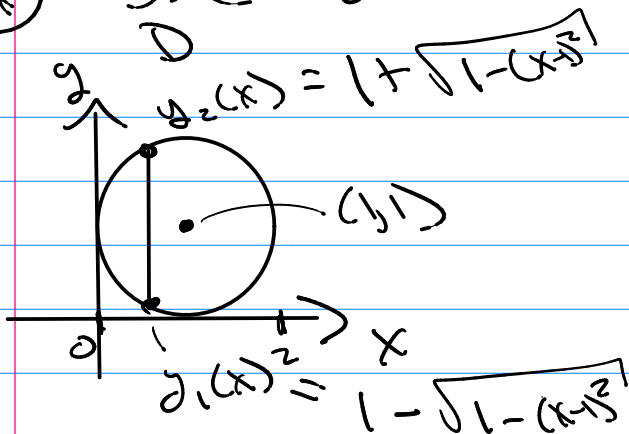
Properties

$$D = D_1 \cup D_2 \cup D_3 \cup D_4$$



$$\iint_D f \, dA = \iint_{D_1} f \, dA + \iint_{D_2} f \, dA + \iint_{D_3} f \, dA + \iint_{D_4} f \, dA$$

(ex) $\iint_D (x^2 + y^2) \, dA$



D circle $(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 1$

$$(y-1)^2 = 1 - (x-1)^2$$

$$y = 1 \pm \sqrt{1 - (x-1)^2}$$

$$\int_0^2 \left[\int_{1-\sqrt{1-(x-1)^2}}^{1+\sqrt{1-(x-1)^2}} (x^2 + y^2) \, dy \right] dx = ?$$