

Math 322

GS #11 $P = \{ S \xrightarrow{1} C, C \xrightarrow{2} OCAB, \cancel{S \xrightarrow{3} A}, BA \xrightarrow{4} AD, \}$

$OA \xrightarrow{5} OA, \quad TA \xrightarrow{6} TA, \quad TB \xrightarrow{7} TB, \quad ZB \xrightarrow{8} ZB \}$

$C \xrightarrow{3} A$ type 0
 type 1
type 2

$L(G) = 0^n 1^n 2^n$

Derivation:

$S \xrightarrow{3} A$ (no prod!)

$S \xrightarrow{1} C \xrightarrow{2} OCAB \xrightarrow{2} OOCABAB$

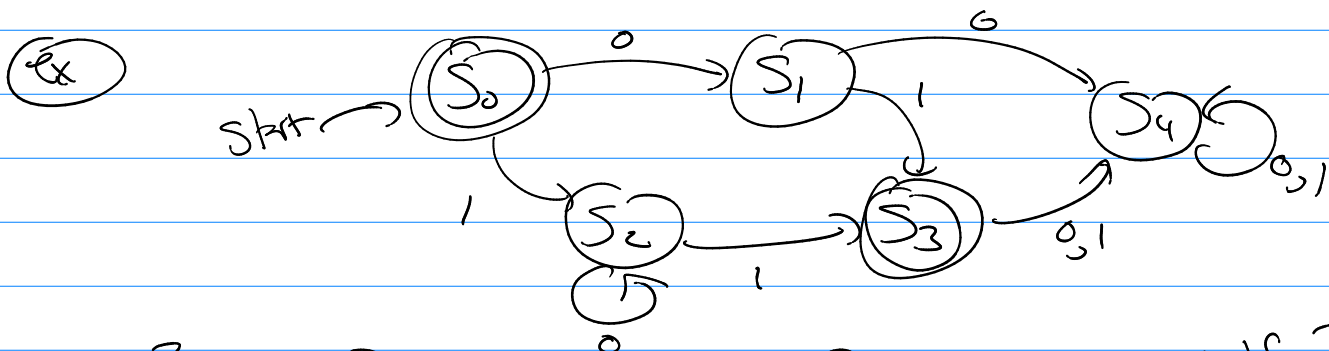
$\Rightarrow OOC AABAB \Rightarrow OOAABB$

a) 001AABB
 b) 0011BB
 c) 00112B
 d) 001122 = 0²1²2²

F.S.A $M = (S, I, \delta, S_0, F)$

Deterministic F.S.A. $\delta: S \times I \rightarrow S$ (triples)

① $L(M) = \{ x \mid \text{string } x \text{ takes } S_0 \text{ to a final state} \}$



$L(M) = ?$

Final states: S_0, S_3

Paths to final state: \mathcal{R}

Simplify?

ex $\{ \epsilon, 01, 11^* \}$

$L(M) = \mathcal{R}, 01, 10^*1$

$\{ \epsilon, 101, 11^* \}$

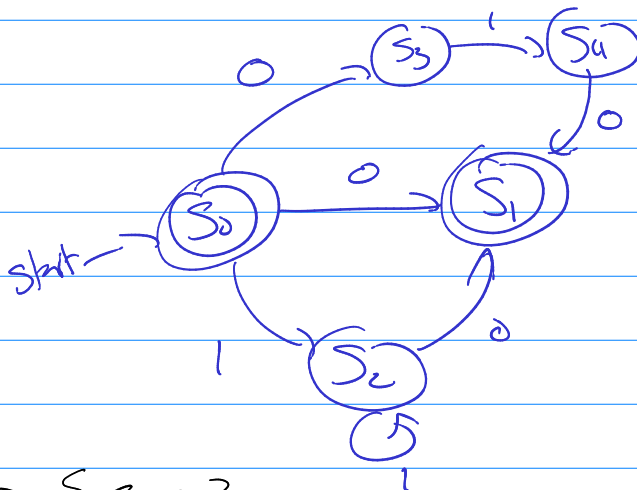
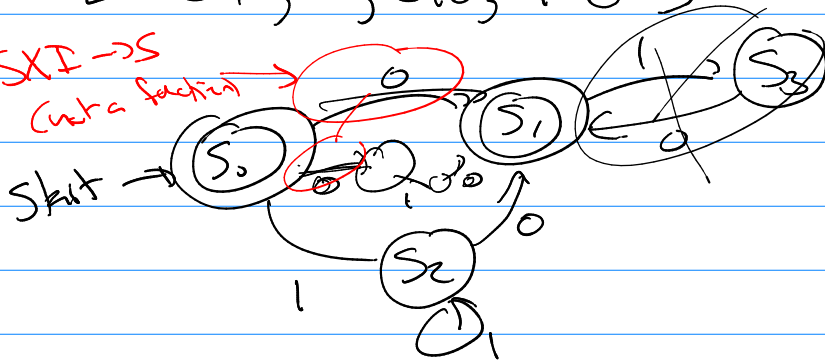
Def: M_1 and M_2 are equivalent if $L(M_1) = L(M_2)$

Given α $L =$ string expression \rightarrow can you create M that recog. the language?

tech #1 be creative

(ex) $L = \{ \epsilon, 0, 010, 1^*0 \}$

$f: S \times I \rightarrow S$
 (not a function)



$L(M) = \{ \epsilon, 0, 1^*0, 010 \}$

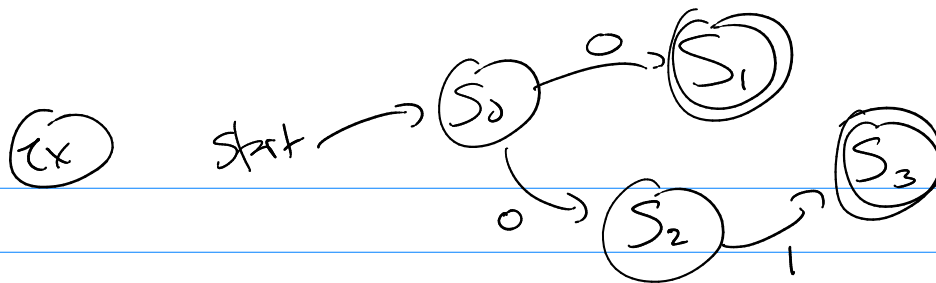
$f: S \times I \rightarrow P(S)$

non-deterministic

$(S_0, 0) \rightarrow \{ S_1, S_3 \}$

Thⁿ if L is recognized by a non-det F.S.A then there is a det. F.S.A that also recog. L .

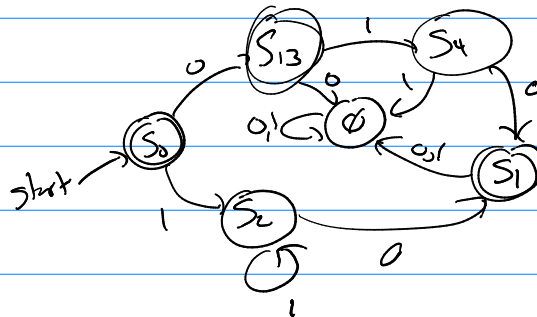
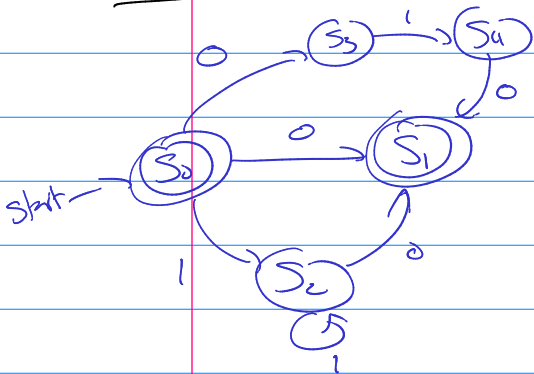
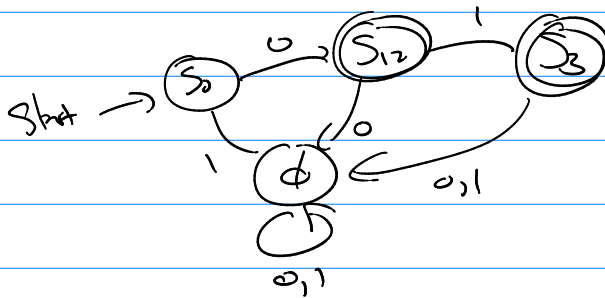
Key:



Step 1: $P(S) : \emptyset, S_0, S_1, S_2, S_3$

$S_0, S_1 = S_{01}$ $(S_{01}, S_{02}, S_{03}, S_{12}, S_{13}, S_{23})$

$S_1, S_2, S_3 = S_{123}$ etc.



$\lambda, 0, 1^*0$
010

13.4 Language Recognition

Sets of Strings

AB , $A^0 = \{\lambda\}$, $A^{n+1} = A^n A$

$A^+ = \bigcup_{k=0}^{\infty} A^k$, Union

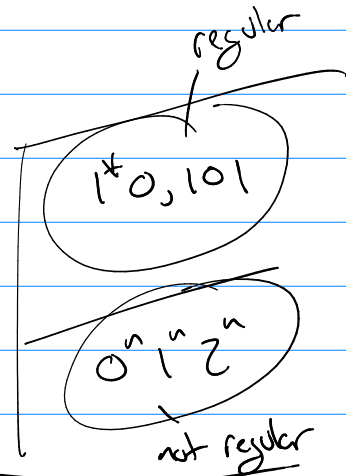
Inductively Derived Set called Regular Set

Basis:

- \emptyset is regular
- Σ^* is regular
- $x \in \Sigma$, then x is regular

Inductive: if A, B are regular then

- AB is regular
- $A \cup B$ is regular
- A^* is regular



Thm A set is regular iff it is recognized by a F.S.A.

DF Basis Machines

① \emptyset (recognize nothing) $M_\emptyset: \text{start} \rightarrow \bigcirc$

② Σ^* (recognize Σ^* string) $M_{\Sigma^*}: \text{start} \rightarrow \bigcirc$

③ $x \in \Sigma$ $M_x: \text{start} \rightarrow \bigcirc \xrightarrow{x} \bigcirc$

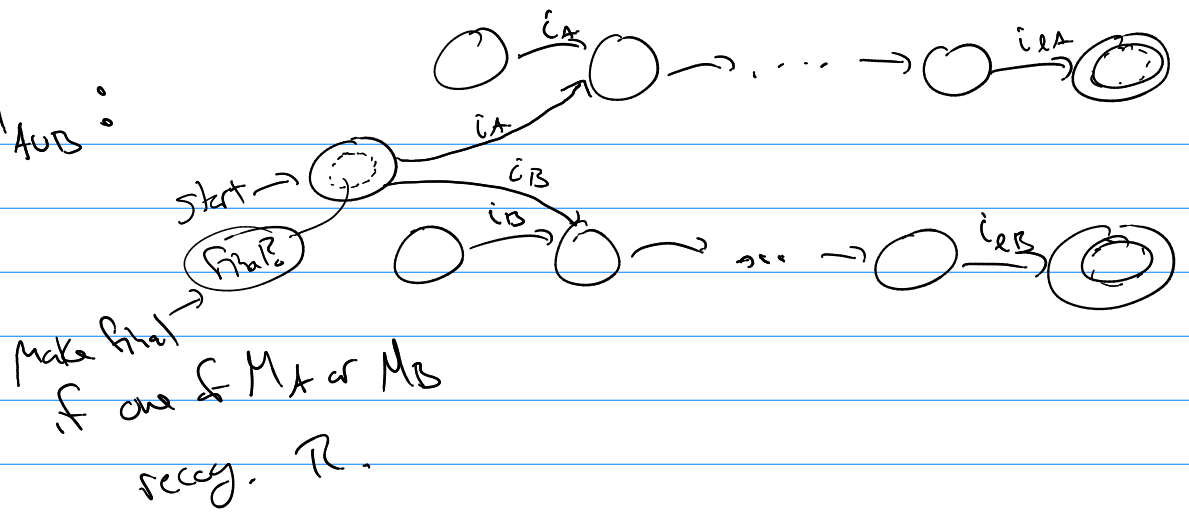
Inductive Machines $AB, A \cup B, A^*$

Assume: $M_A: \text{start} \rightarrow \bigcirc \xrightarrow{a_1} \bigcirc \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \bigcirc \xrightarrow{a_n} \bigcirc$

$M_B: \text{start} \rightarrow \bigcirc \xrightarrow{b_1} \bigcirc \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \bigcirc \xrightarrow{b_m} \bigcirc$

①
Union

$M_{A \cup B}$:



②

Concat.

M_{AB} :

