

Math 322

type 0, 1, 2, not 3

Q's grammar type $P = \{ S \rightarrow A, \dots \}$

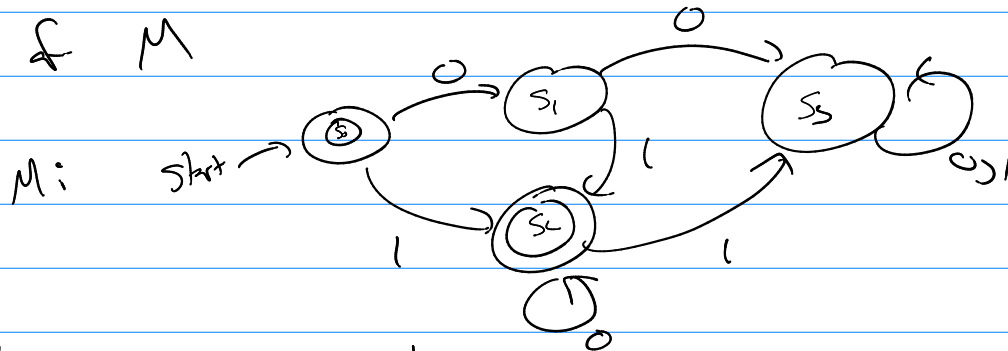
type 0, type 1, type 2, type 3
 ? left side is right non-term
 ? is it non-dec in length?
 ? right side: a, at?

ex $P = \{ \underline{S \rightarrow \emptyset}, \underline{A \rightarrow aA}, \underline{B \rightarrow b}, \underline{S \rightarrow ASTB}, \dots \}$

type 0 not 1

type 0
 ? type 1 (non-dec?)
 not type 1
 b/c
 $S \rightarrow \emptyset$
 at S on right side

Languages of M



Final States:

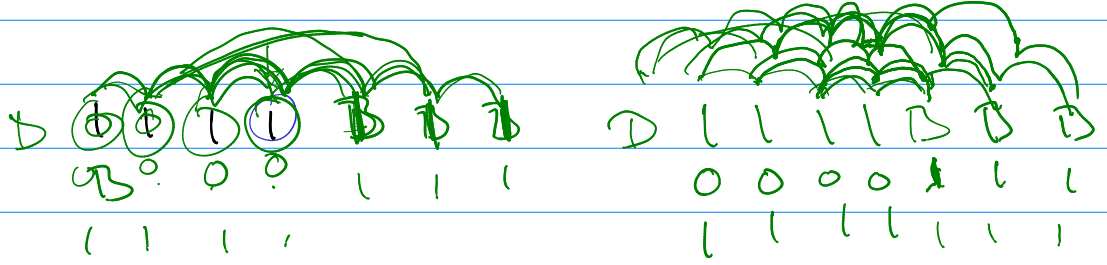
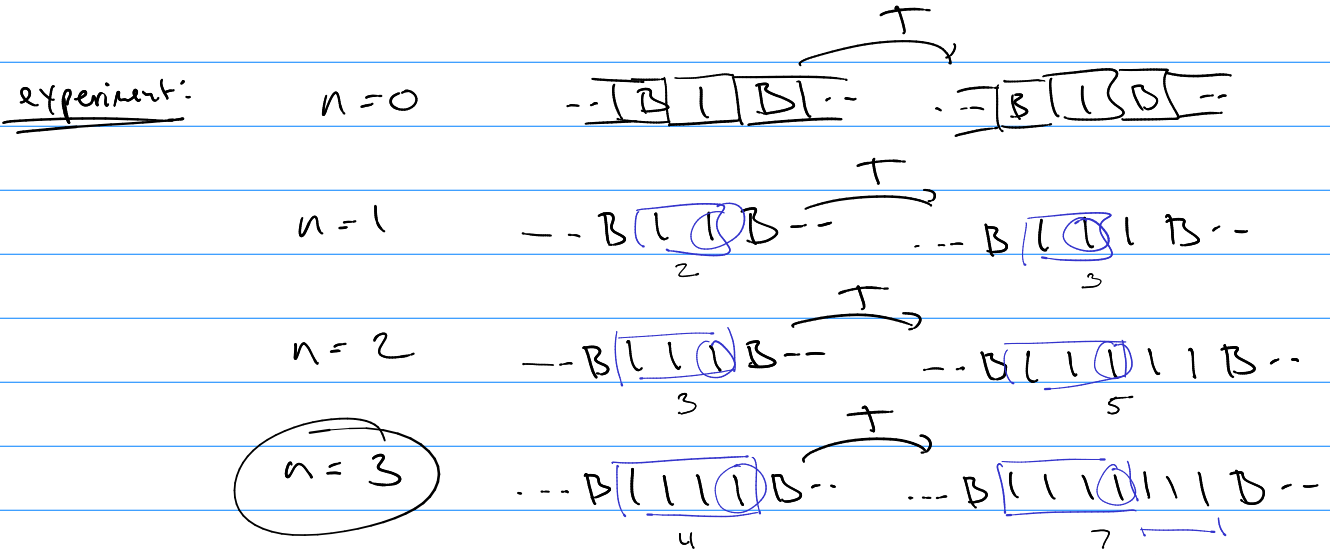
path to...
 $S_0 : \emptyset$
 $S_2 : \{ 1, 10^+, 01, 010^+ \}$

or $L(M) = \emptyset, (1, 01)0^+$

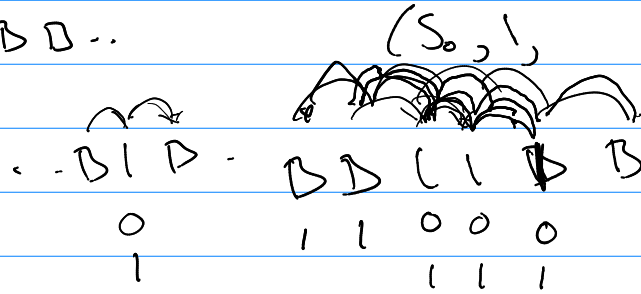
$= \emptyset \cup \{ 1001 \} 0^+$

T is a Turing machine...

$f(n) = 2n \quad n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

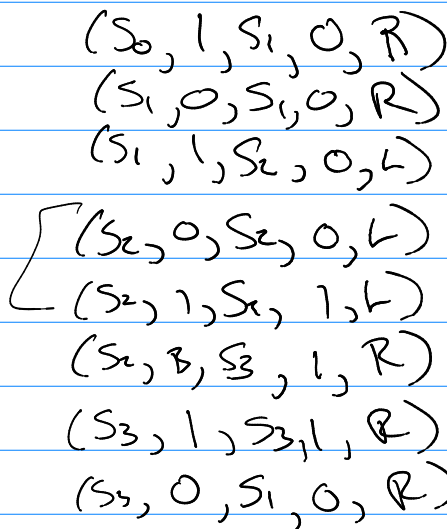
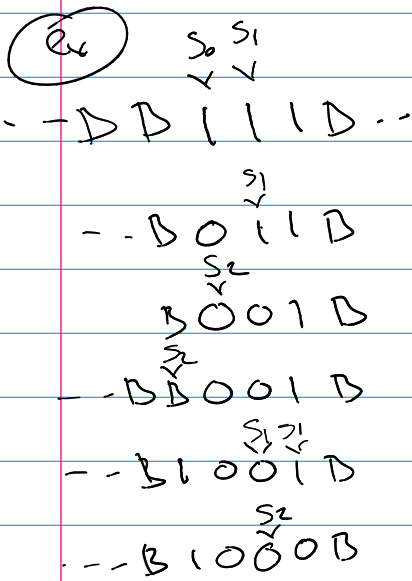


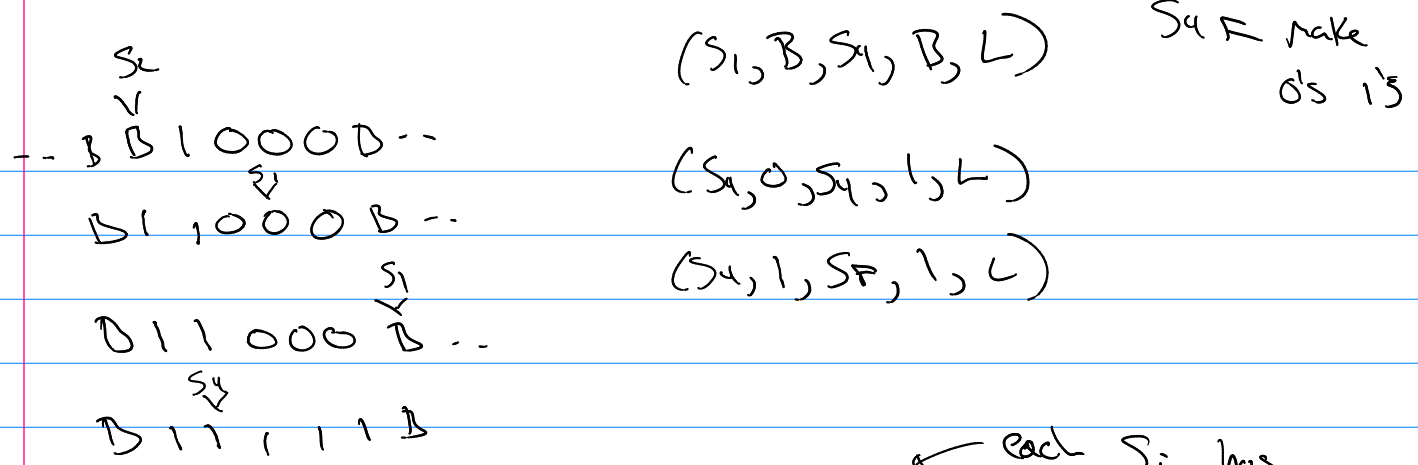
S_0
 $--B|1|1|0B|B|B--$



(See video)

S_0 ← start state
 S_1 ← move "0" till to a zero
 (seek = 1 Hly)
 S_2 ← find a 1 till to copy to left side
 S_3 ← find old # (look for 0)





T is S = {S₂, S₁, S₂, S₃, S₁, S_F} a specific task (knowledge)

$$I = \{B, 0, B\}$$

$$P = \left\{ \begin{aligned} &(S_2, 1, S_1, 0, R), (S_3, 1, S_3, 1, R), \\ &(S_1, 0, S_1, 0, R), (S_3, 0, S_1, 0, R), \\ &(S_1, 1, S_2, 0, L), (S_1, B, S_1, B, L), \\ &(S_2, 0, S_2, 0, L), (S_4, 0, S_4, 1, L), \\ &(S_2, 1, S_2, 1, L), (S_4, 1, S_F, 1, L), \\ &(S_2, B, S_3, 1, R), (S_4, B, S_F, B, L) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$P = \{ (s_i, s_i, m), \dots \}$$

$$\text{all possible 5-tuples} = (|S| |I| |S| |I|) \cdot 2$$

$$= 2 |S|^2 |I|^2$$

but T is simply taking Some of these 5-tuples

$$\text{so } |T| = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 3^2 \quad \leftarrow \text{subset}$$

(ex) from above $|S| = 5$ $|I| = 3$

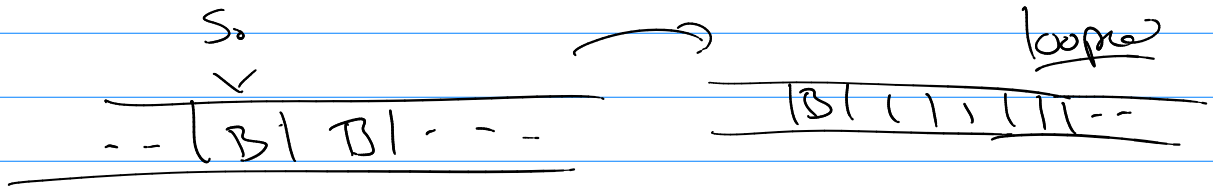
$$\text{all possible } |T| = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 3^2 = 2 \cdot 225 \cdot 9 = 4050$$

the one example we did does $f(n) = 2n$

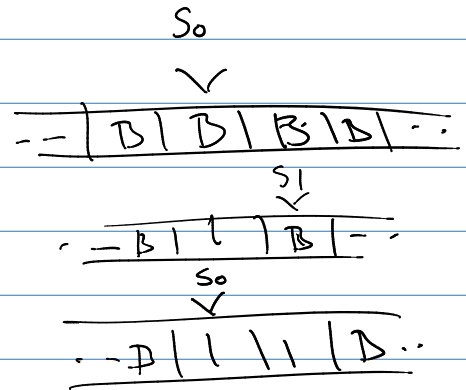
Q For these Turing machines f - - $|S||I||I||I| \cdot 2 = 2|S|^2|I|^2$

- 1 state	$ S =1$	$I = \{B, \perp\}$	$ S \text{ steps} = 2 \cdot 1^2 \cdot 2^2$	$ T = 2^{8 \cdot 1}$
- 2 states	$ S =2$	$I = \{B, \perp\}$	$ S \text{ steps} = 2 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 2^2$	$ T = 2^{8 \cdot 4}$
- 3 states	$ S =3$	$I = \{B, \perp\}$	$ S \text{ steps} = 2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 2^2$	$ T = 2^{8 \cdot 9}$
- 4 states	$ S =4$	$I = \{B, \perp\}$	$ S \text{ steps} = 2 \cdot 4^2 \cdot 2^2$	$ T = 2^{8 \cdot 16}$
;	;	;	;	$ T = 2^{8 \cdot 25}$

ex pick just $\{(s_0, B, s_0, \perp, R)\} = P$ & T



ex $P = \{(s_0, B, \perp, s_1, R), (s_1, B, \perp, s_0, L)\}$



Funcn: for $|S|=n$ $I = \{B, \perp\}$

for each $|T| = 2^{8 \cdot n^2}$ possible Turing machines

for the T 's that halt let

$B(n) = \text{max number of } \perp \text{ on the tape at halt.}$

$B(n)$ = busy beaver function

$$B(2) = 4$$

$$B(3) = 6$$

$$B(4) = 13$$

$$B(5) \geq 4098$$

$$B(6) \geq 3.5 \times 10^{18267}$$

uncomputable