

Math 322

Q5! $R = \{ (a,b) \mid a \neq b \}$ on integers

② $\rightarrow aRb$ is really all reals except aRa

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \vee \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ $R \cup \Delta$ \leftarrow ref. closure.

③ Sym. closure. $M_R \times M_{R^T}$

$$R \cup R^{-1}$$

$$R = \{ (a,b) \mid a|b \}$$

$$R^{-1} = \{ (a,b) \mid b|a \}$$

$$R \cup R^{-1} = \{ (a,b) \mid a|b \text{ or } b|a \}$$

9.1 example

$$R = \{ (a,b) \mid a|b \vee b|a \}$$

Ref?
 Irref?
 Sym?
 anti sym?

asym?
 trans?

✓ ① Reflexive $\boxed{\forall a R a} \equiv "a \sim a"$ True

② Irreflexive $\forall a R a \equiv "a \not\sim a"$

False: $z \mid z$ counterexample

✓ ③ Sym $\forall a \forall b (a R b \rightarrow b R a)$

$$\equiv [a \sim b \vee b \sim a \rightarrow b \sim a \vee a \sim b]$$

if $a \sim b \vee b \sim a$ is True \rightarrow $b \sim a \vee a \sim b$ must be true \leftrightarrow well

4) Asym $\forall a \forall b (a R b \rightarrow b \not R a)$

(know Asym \equiv irreflexive \wedge antisym)

5) Antisym $\forall a \forall b (a R b \wedge b R a \rightarrow a = b)$

$$\equiv \forall a \forall b (a \neq b \rightarrow \neg (a R b \wedge b R a))$$

$$\equiv \forall a \forall b (a R b \vee b R a \vee a = b)$$

$$\equiv \neg \exists a \exists b (a R b \wedge b R a \wedge a \neq b)$$

6) Trans $\forall a \forall b \forall c (\boxed{a R b} \wedge b R c \rightarrow a R c)$

$$\equiv [(\underbrace{a R b}_{3/6} \vee b \not R a) \wedge (b R c \vee \underbrace{c \not R b}_{2/6}) \rightarrow (a R c \vee c \not R a)]$$

$$\boxed{3/2 \ 6/3}$$

$$2/6 \ \boxed{6/2}$$

$$3/2 \ 2/3$$

$$R = \{ (a, b) \mid \begin{array}{l} a \text{ is a factor of } b \\ \text{or } a \text{ is a mult. of } b \end{array} \}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2R2 \quad 2R4 \quad \boxed{2R6} \quad (2,6) \\ \boxed{6R2} \quad (6,2) \end{array}$$

Not true

$$2R6 \wedge 6R3 \rightarrow 2R3$$

↳ counter example

Exam 1

13 probs @ 10 pts each
120 pts = 100%

9.1 (3 probs)

① check all 6 properties (see above)

$$R = \{ (a, b) \mid a \text{ hit } b \text{ with } a \text{ bat} \}$$

A = all teachers @ WSH

Def: $\forall a (aRb) \equiv$ "a hit a with a bat"

True? False? → counter example

↑ reasonable statement

② $R_1 \cup R_2, R_1 \cap R_2, R_1 \oplus R_2$

given $R_1 = \{ \}$

$R_2 = \{ \}$

③ Prove: If R is trans $\rightarrow \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \exists R^n \subseteq R, n=1,3, \dots$

pf (use induction)

q.2 (1 prob)

① Composite key

q.3 (2 probs)

① Set \leftrightarrow Digraph \leftrightarrow Matrix

$$\textcircled{2} M_{R_1 \cup R_2} = M_{R_1} \vee M_{R_2}$$

$$M_{R_1 \cap R_2} = M_{R_1} \wedge M_{R_2}$$

$$M_{R_1 \circ R_2} = M_{R_2} \circ M_{R_1}$$

9.4 (3 probs)

① a) Sym Closure

b) Ref. Closure

② R^* using $M_{R^*} = M_R \vee M_R^{(2)} \vee \dots \vee M_R^{(n)}$

③ R^* using Warshall's

9.5 (2 probs)

① Is R an equiv. relation?

② Find $[a]_R$

9.6 (2 probs)

① Is (S, R) a poset?

② given Hasse diagram

a) Extremals

b) topological sort (left side)
