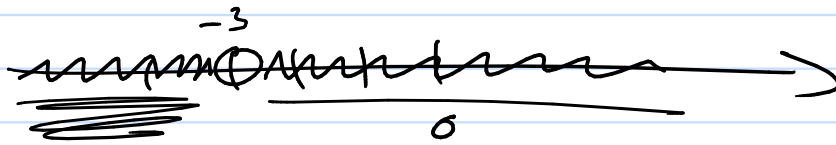


Q's  $S = \{x : x \neq -3\}$



$(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$

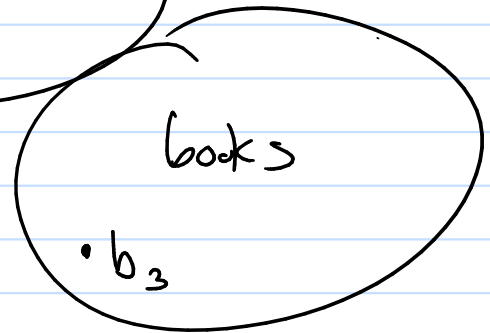
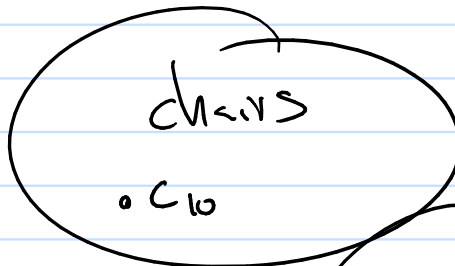
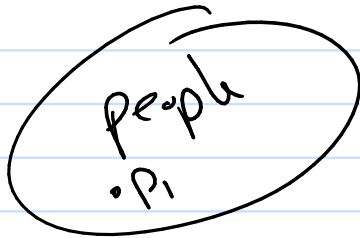
Relation

Functions

↑ important!

Relationships

given many sets



ordered grouping (tuple)

$(p_1, c_{10}, b_3)$

person 1 sets 10 holding book 3  
1 = chair 10

(ex) (Mark, langer, Precalc Book)

3-tuple

(ex) (Happy, ice cream, chocolate, sprinkles)

4-tuple

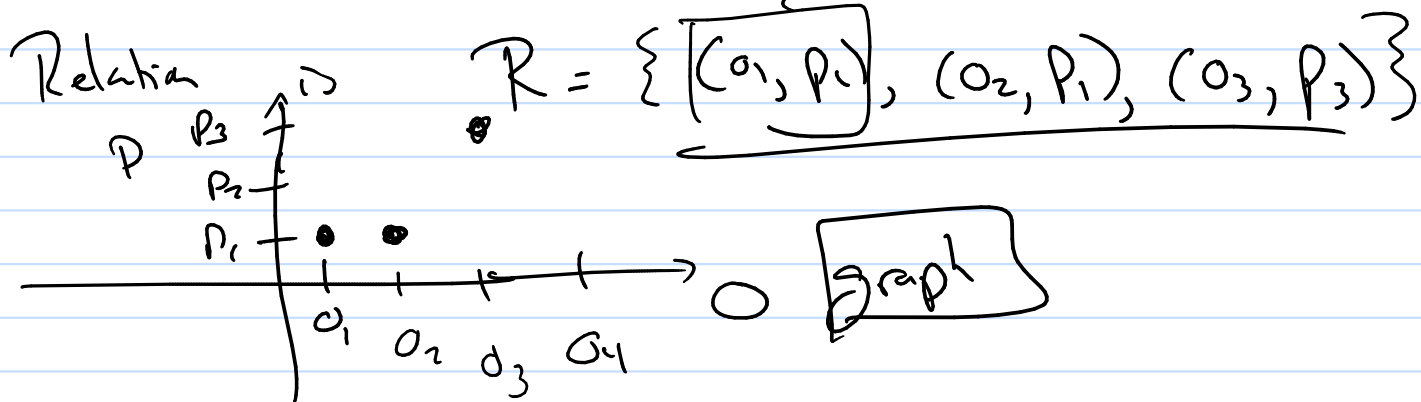
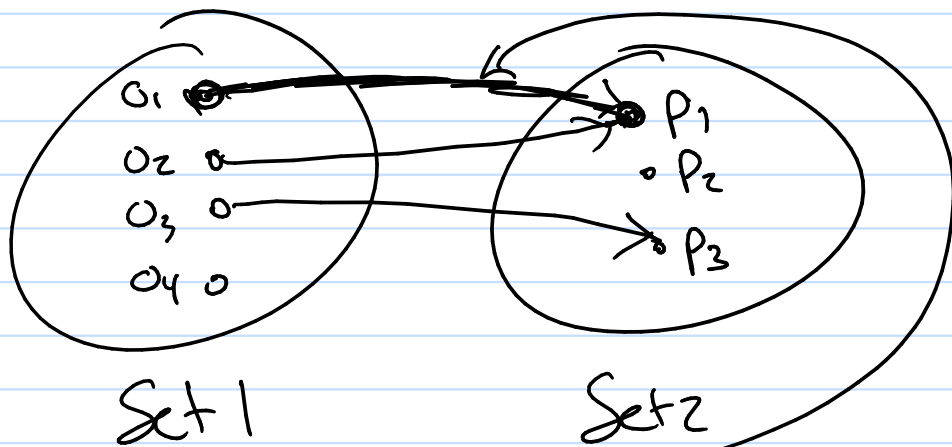
Relationship ~ (why are the tuples formed)

Simplify the problem

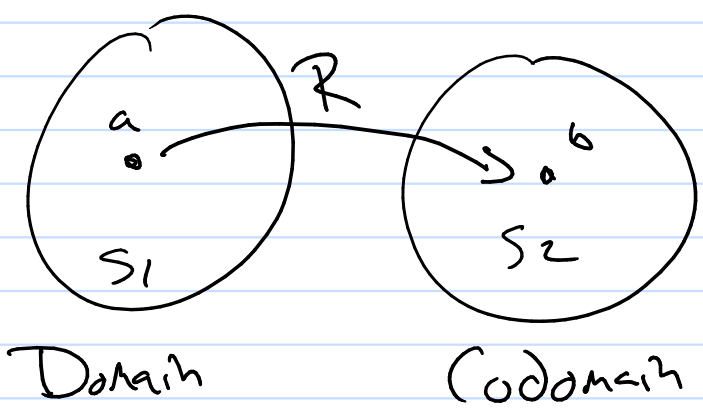
① use only two sets.

we have ordered pairs ( $O_1, O_2$ )

Visualize?

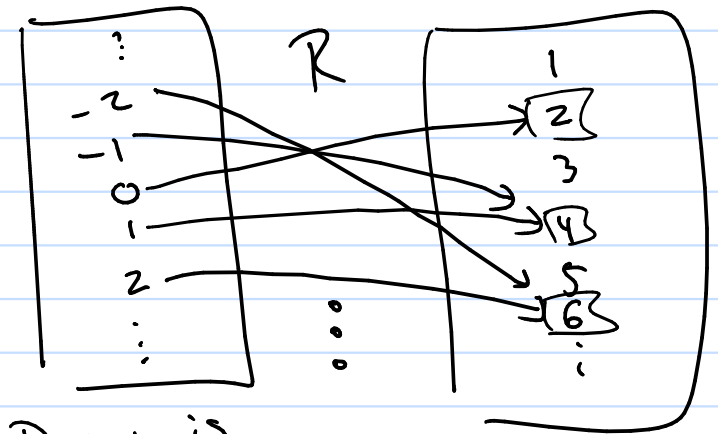


For



$(a,b)$  is in the relation  $R$

Ex

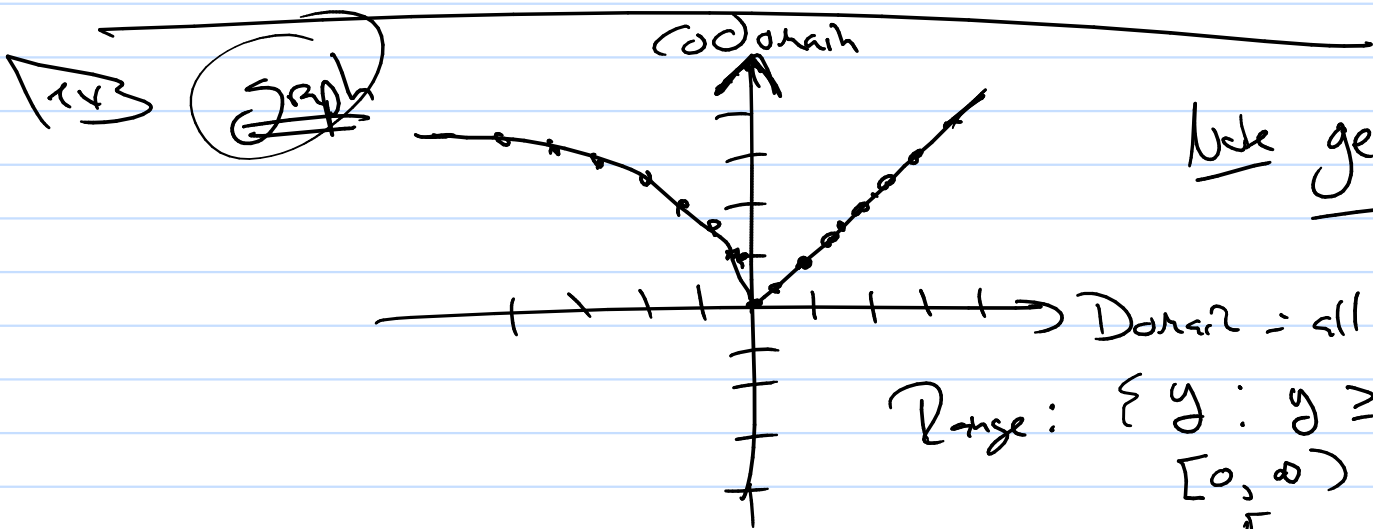


Domain is Integers

Codomain is natural numbers (Pos Integers)

Range: elements that the domain goes to.

Range =  $\{2, 4, 6, 8, \dots\}$



Note [geogebra.org](http://geogebra.org)

Domain = all reals

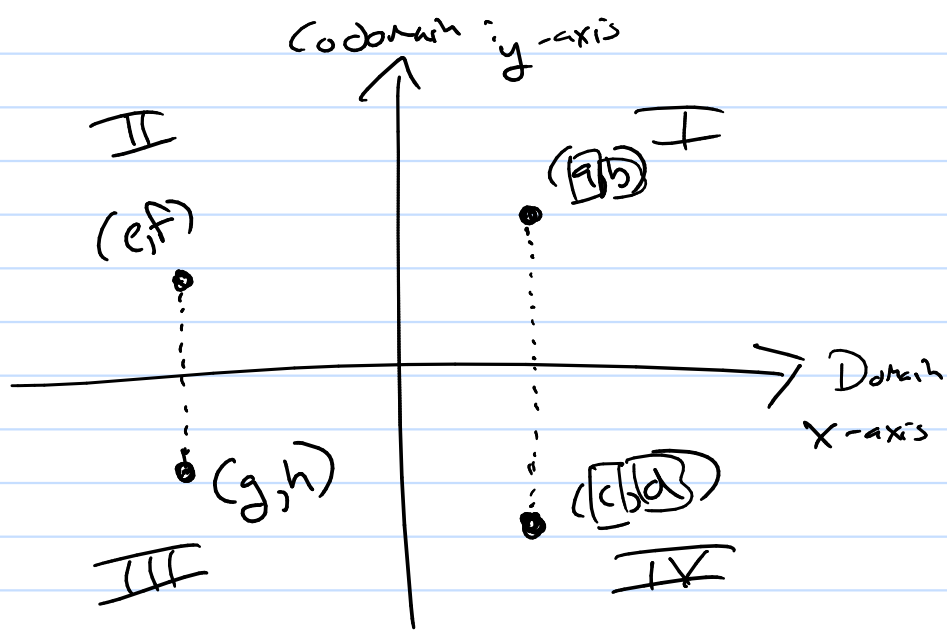
Range:  $\{y : y \geq 0\}$   
 $[0, \infty)$

→

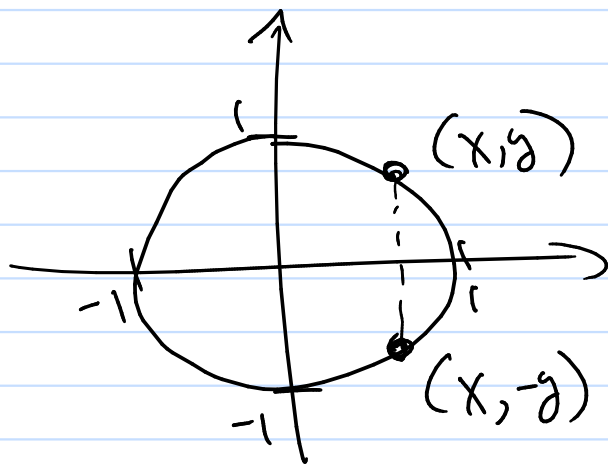
# Properties of graphs

① Symmetry

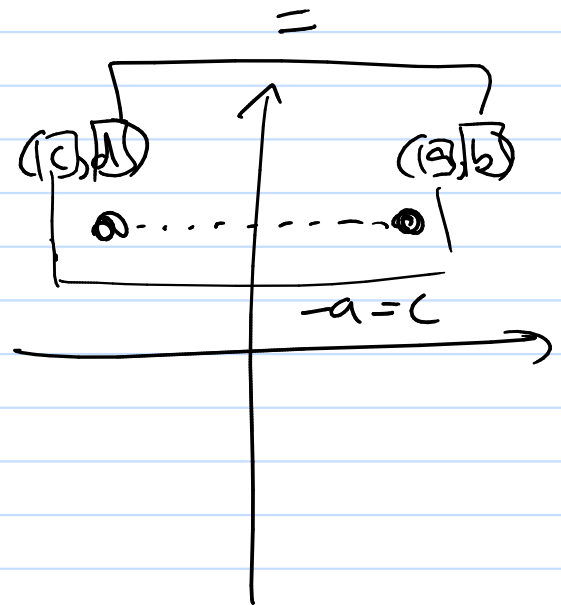
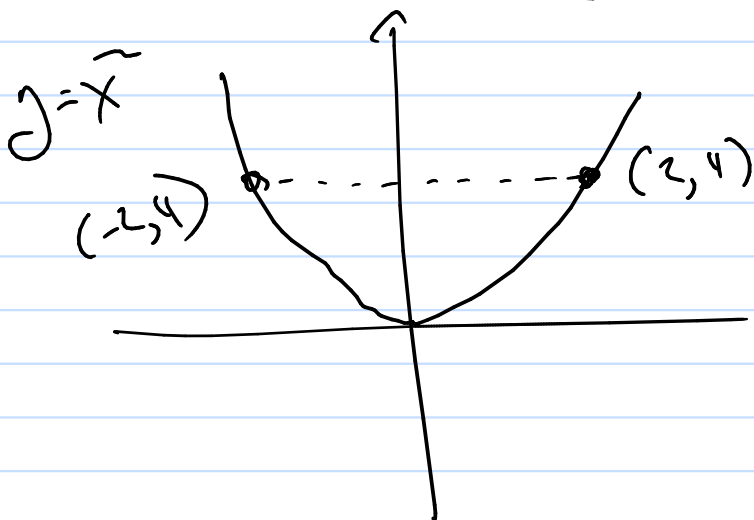
a) Domain Axis  
 (ex) X-axis



(ex)  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

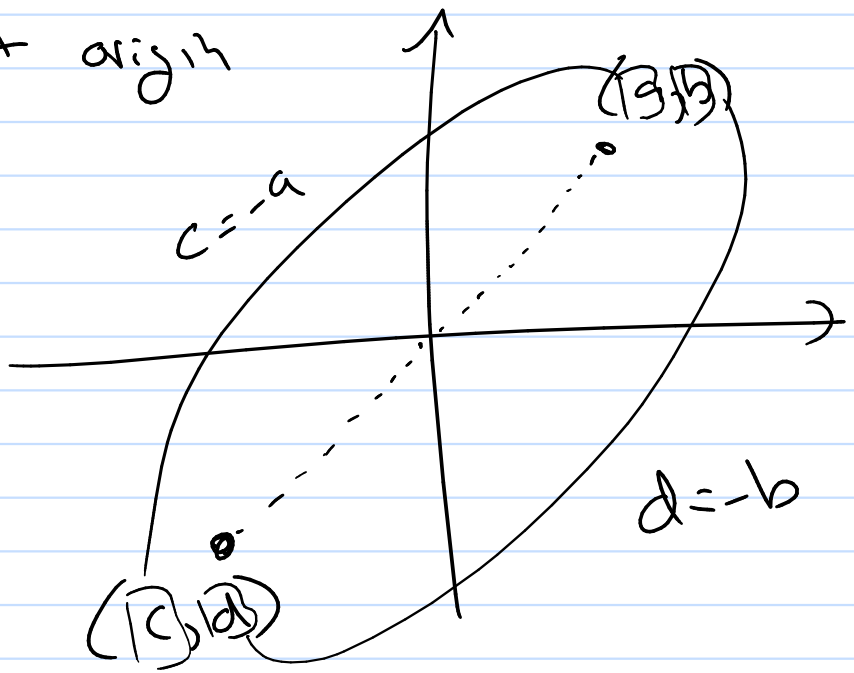
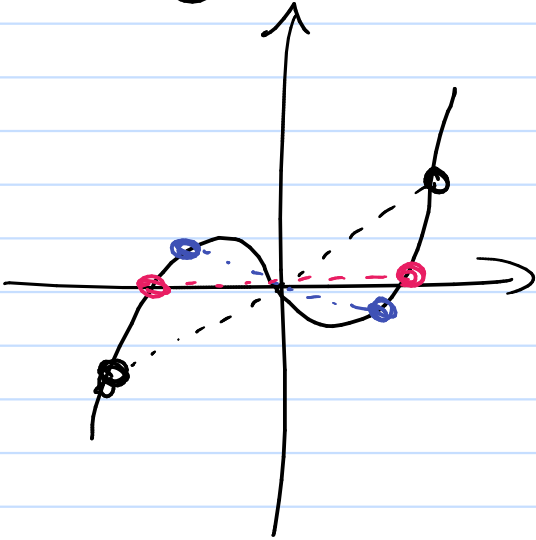


② Sym about codomain axis  
 y-axis



c) symmetric about origin

(ex)  $y = x^3 - x$



Special Relation → Function

Function?

(1) It is a relation

(2) For every point in the domain

it will only map to one point

