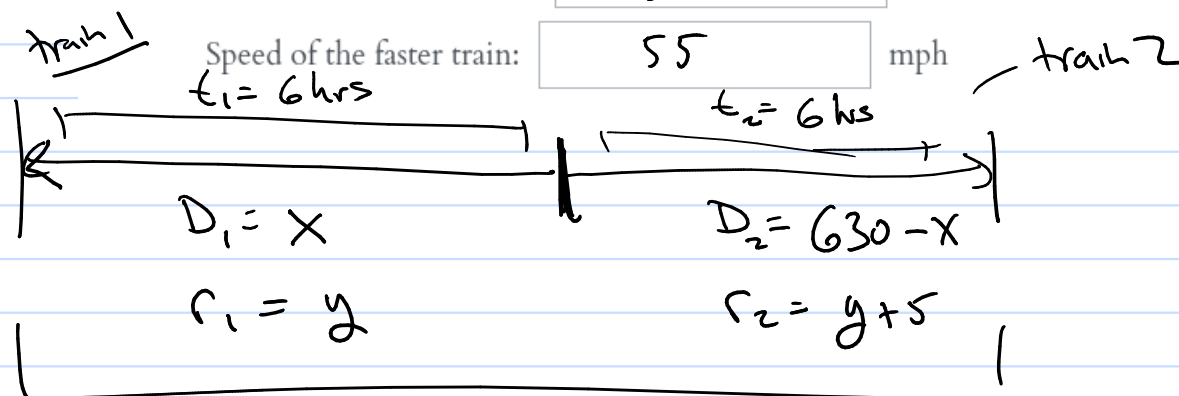


Q's

4.3 #12

$D = rt$

- 12 Two trains going in opposite directions leave the same station at the same time. One train travels 5 mph faster than the other. In 6 hours the trains are 630 miles apart. Find the speed of each train.

Speed of the slower train: mphSpeed of the faster train: mph

$$r_c = \frac{630}{6} \rightarrow \begin{cases} D_c = 630 \\ t_c = 6 \text{ hrs} \end{cases} \quad \text{Combined}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{105 \text{ mph}}}$$

$$r_1 + r_2 = 105$$

$$y + (y + 5) = 105 \rightarrow 2y + 5 = 105$$

$$y = \underline{\underline{50 \text{ mph}}}$$

$$y + 5 = \underline{\underline{55 \text{ mph}}}$$

Q

$$\frac{1}{(x-5)} = \frac{6(x-5)}{1(x-5)} = \frac{(1) - (6(x-5))}{x-5} = \frac{1 - 6x + 30}{x-5}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-6x + 31}{x-5}}$$

$$\boxed{\text{ex}} \quad \frac{1}{a} \neq \frac{2 \cdot a}{1 \cdot a} = \frac{1+2a}{a}$$

$$\boxed{\text{ex}} \quad \frac{3}{x} - \frac{4}{x} = \frac{3-4}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} - \frac{6 \cdot 7}{1 \cdot 7} = \frac{1-42}{7}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Q}} \quad f(x) = \frac{1 \cdot x^3 - 81x}{1 \cdot x^3 + 10x^2 + 25x} = \frac{x(x^2 - 81)}{x(x^2 + 10x + 25)} = \frac{x(x+a)(x-a)}{x(x+5)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x+a)(x-a)}{(x+5)^2}, \quad x \neq 0$$

hole: $(0, \frac{-81}{25}) \rightsquigarrow \frac{(0+a)(0-a)}{(0+5)^2} = \frac{-81}{25} \quad \boxed{(0, -81/25)}$

Vertical asymptote: $x = -5$

$$\boxed{-5}$$

Horizontal or slant asymptote: $y = \frac{1}{1} = 1$

Domain: all reals except $x \neq 0$ $x \neq -5$

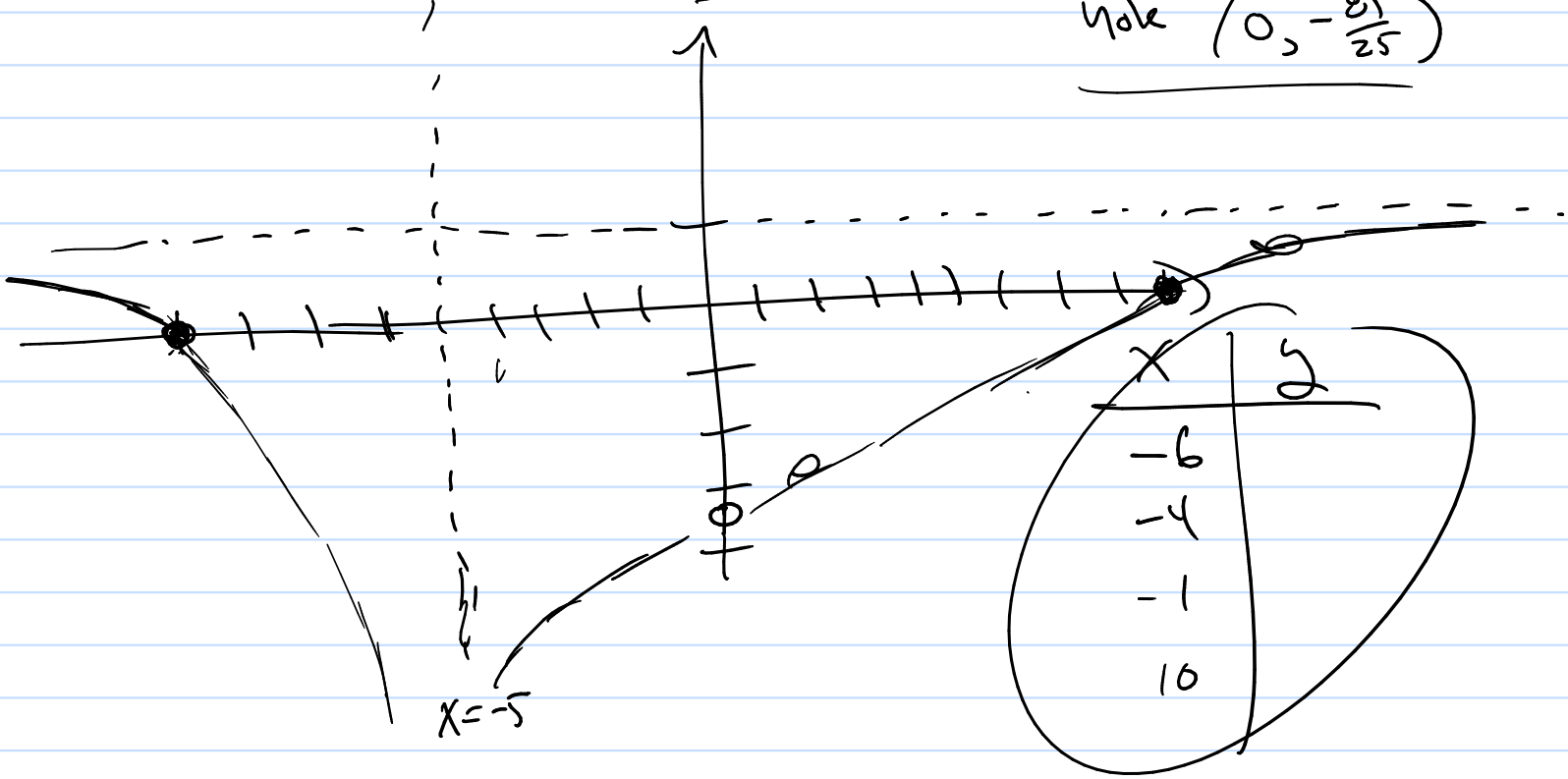
~~-----~~
 -5 0

roots @ $x = 9, x = -9$

$(-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 81x}{x^3 + 10x^2 + 25x} = \frac{(x+a)(x-a)}{(x+5)^2} \quad x \neq 0$$

Note $(0, -\frac{81}{25})$



Rational Inequalities

1st make this into

$$\frac{p(x)}{d(x)} \begin{matrix} < \\ < \\ = \\ > \end{matrix} 0$$

Single rational inequality

(ex)

$$\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{3}{x} > x+2$$

$$\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{3}{x} - \frac{x}{1} - \frac{2}{1} > 0$$

Common denominator is $x(x+1)$

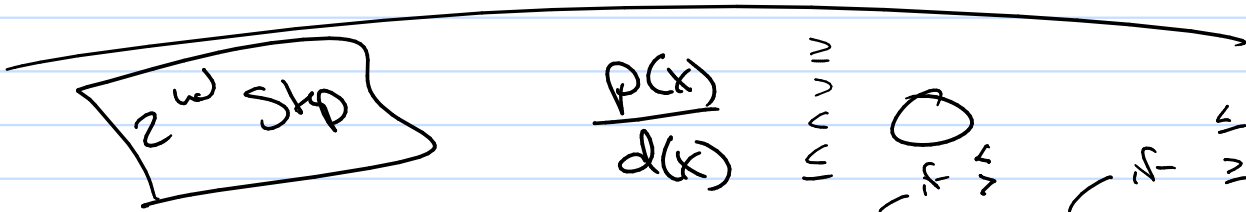
$$\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{3}{x} > x+2$$

$$\frac{1}{(x+1)} - \frac{3}{x} - \frac{x}{1} - \frac{2}{1} > 0$$

$$\frac{x}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{(x+1)} - \frac{3}{x} \cdot \frac{(x+1)}{(x+1)} - \frac{x}{1} \cdot \frac{x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} - \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} > 0$$

$$\frac{x - 3(x+1) - x^2(x+1) - 2x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} > 0$$

$$\frac{-x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x - 3}{x(x+1)} > 0$$

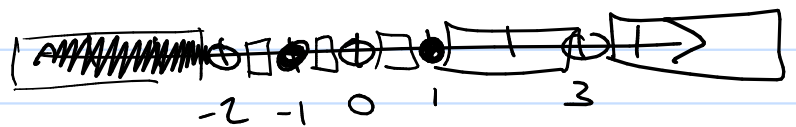
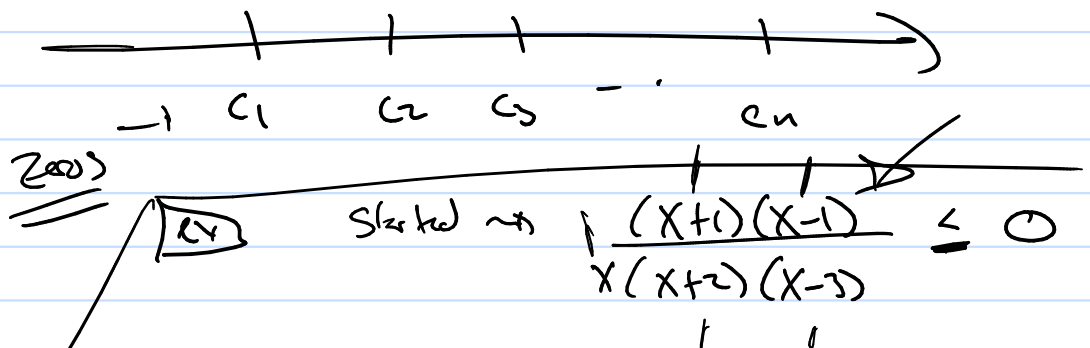


a) find zeros of $p(x)$ (open or closed)

b) find zeros of $d(x)$ (open points)

c) put them on number line

Sign diagram to get ans



Q (factory)

$$x^3 - 2x^2 - 81x + 162$$

$$x^2(x-2) - 81(x-2)$$

$$(x-2)(x^2-81)$$

$$(x-2)(x+9)(x-9)$$

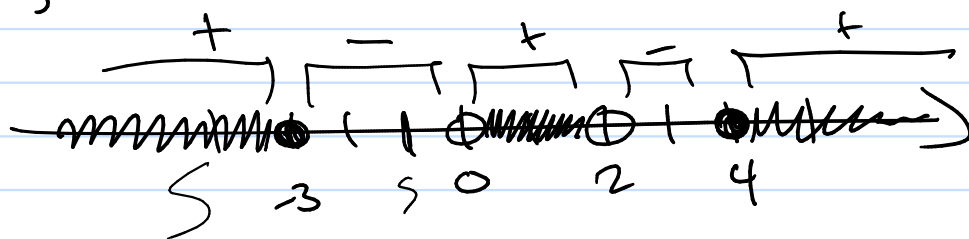
$$1 \overline{) 3, 3,}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 2 & -2 & -81 & 162 & \\ & 2 & 0 & -162 & \\ \hline & & 0 & -81 & 0 \\ & & x^2 & x & c \end{array}$$

$$(x-2)(x^2-81)$$

Q Sign diagram: $\frac{(x+3)(x-4)}{x(x-2)} \geq 0$

zeros & top -3, 4
zeros & bot 0, 2



$$x=4$$

$$x=-1$$

$$[-\infty, -3] \cup (0, 2) \cup [4, \infty)$$