

Math 242

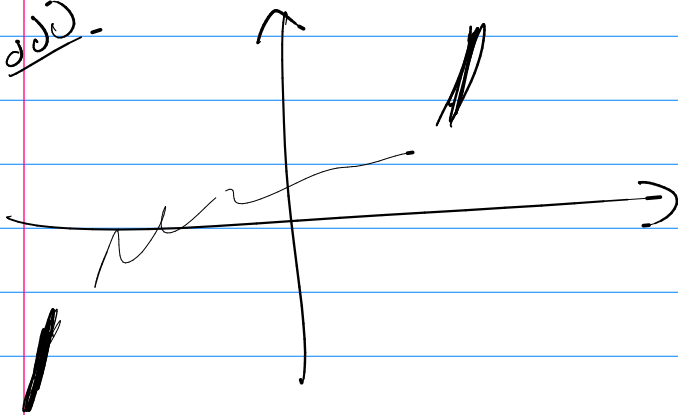
Q5/ Functions to know (Algebra + graph + ^{natural} domain + codomain + range)

(1) $|x| = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ -x & x < 0 \end{cases} = \sqrt{x^2}$

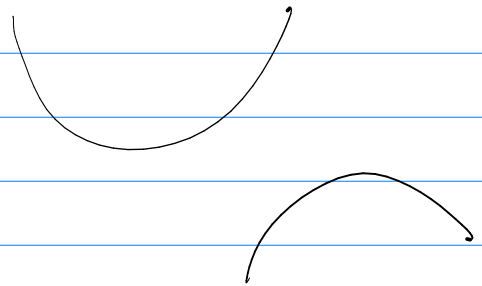
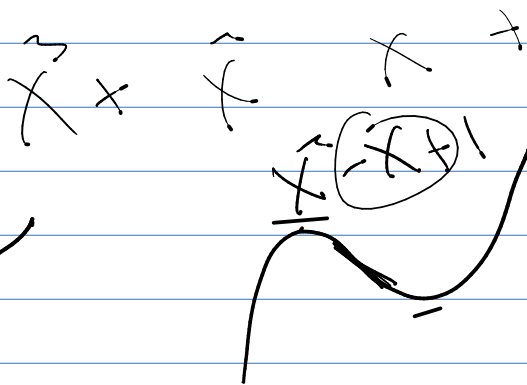
(2) $p(x)$ is a polynomial

$p(x) = a_n x^n + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$

odd



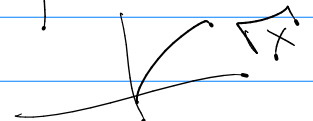
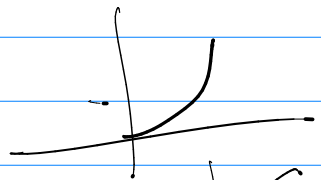
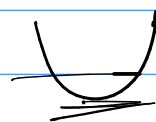
even



(3) $f(x) = x^n$

$n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$n = -1$



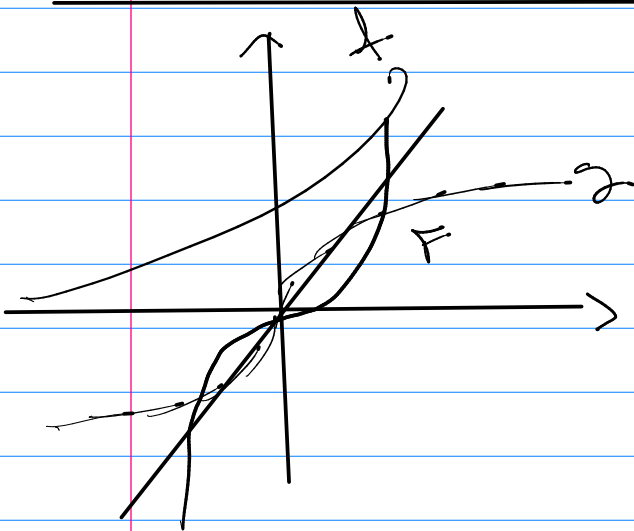
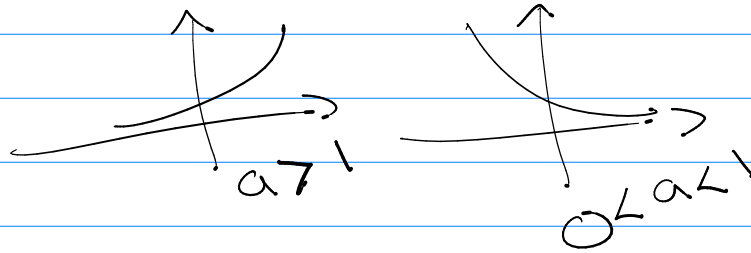
$$n = \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \dots$$

(4) $\frac{p(x)}{q(x)} \leftarrow q(x) \neq 0$

$$\frac{(x+2)}{(x-2)(x+2)} = \frac{1}{x-2}, x \neq 2$$

(5) $\sin x, \cos x, \sec x, \csc x, \tan x, \cot x$

(6) at



$$y = 3x \quad (6)$$

$$y = 3^x \quad (7)$$

$$y = x^3 \quad (8)$$

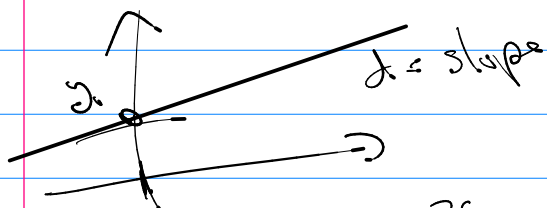
$$y = x^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{x} \quad (9)$$

Modeling: Cost (miles driven)

Mile	Cost = C	dist. = d
1	\$380	480 mi
2	\$460	800 mi

Linear model

$$C(d) = S \cdot d + y_0$$

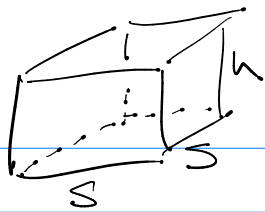


$$S = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$y - y_1 = S(x - x_1)$$

$$S = \frac{460 - 380}{800 - 480} = \frac{80}{320} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ \$/mi}$$

1.1 #61



$$V = s^2 h = 3 \quad \begin{matrix} \rightarrow h = 3/s \\ n^3 \end{matrix}$$

$$SA = 4sh + s^2$$

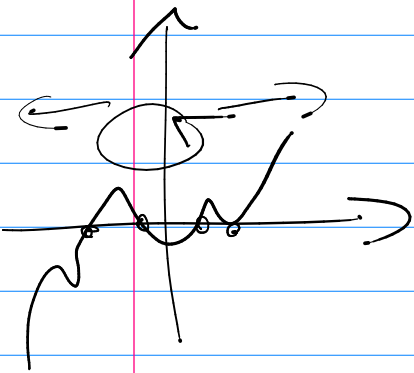
$$SA(s) = 4s\left(\frac{3}{s^2}\right) + s^2 = \left[\frac{12}{s} + s^2\right]$$

13 Operations on Functions

Part 1 "Same" function ... except we translate and/or stretch it

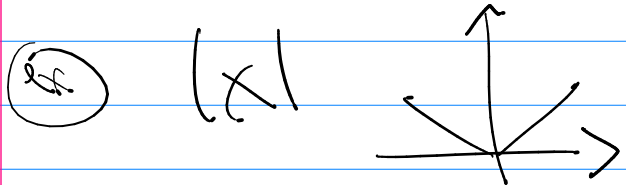
$$f(x) \quad \text{vs} \quad a \cdot f(b(x+c)) + d$$

a, b, c, d are constants

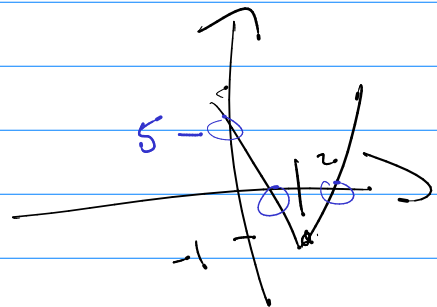


- ① $a \cdot f(x)$
 - ② $f(b \cdot x)$
-] stretch

- ③ $f(x) + d$
 - ④ $f(x+c)$
-] translation



④ $3|x-2| - 1$



part 2 operators (+, -, *, ÷, composition)

$$(f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$$

$$(f - g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$$

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$$

$$(f/g)(x) = f(x)/g(x)$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

Identity and Inverse for an operation

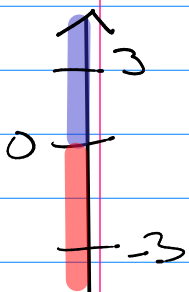
(ex) arithmetic: object = number
operator = addition

① Identity: does nothing to objects under operation

+ additive identity $3 + \boxed{0} = 3$

② Inverse: make an object into the identity.

+ additive inverse $3 + (-3) = 0$



$$3x + 7 = 4$$

$$3x + 7 + (-7) = 4 + (-7)$$

$$3x + 0 = -3$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)3x = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)(-3)$$

$$x = -1$$

sin(x) vs inverse sin(x)?

Under composition

Identity function $I(x) = x$

Inverse function $(f \circ f^{-1})(x) = x$

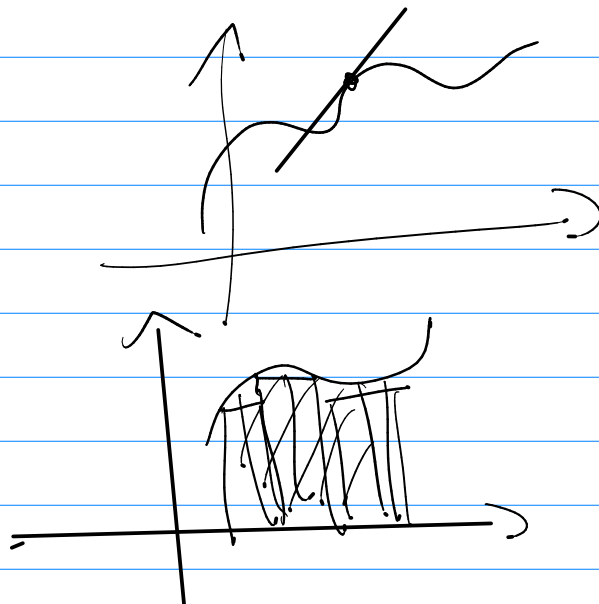
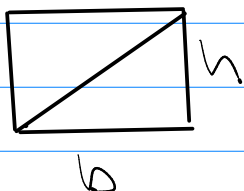
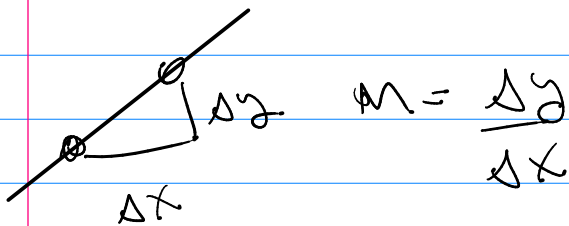
$(f^{-1} \circ f)(x) = x$

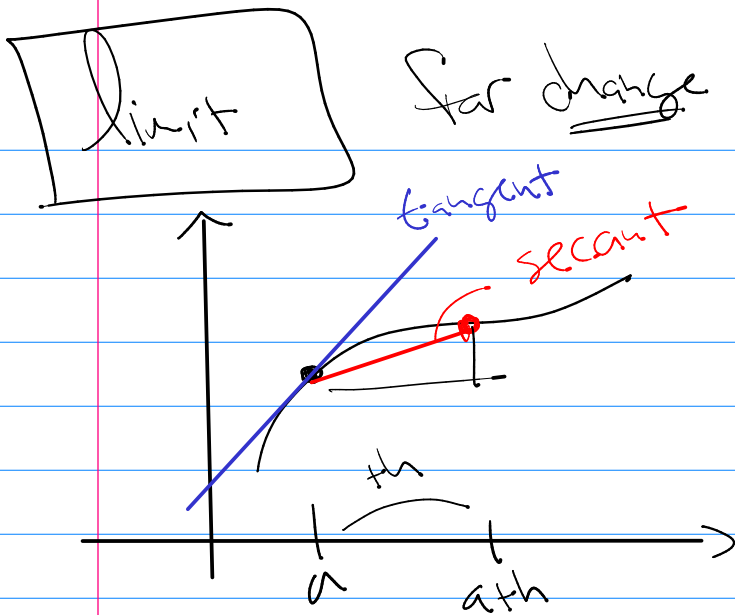
Calculus?

two problems:

(1) change? (slope)

(2) sum? (area)





$$\text{slope of secant} = \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

let h get close to 0.

slope of secant \rightarrow slope of tangent