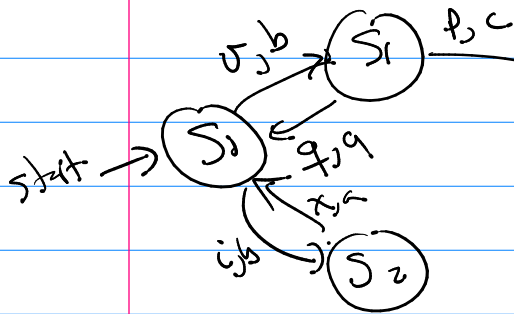


# Math 322

13.2 #11

v: valid id  
 i: invalid id  
 p: valid pwd  
 q: invalid pwd

a: "enter ID"  
 b: "enter PWD"  
 c: prompt  
 x: any input  
 f: a



$S_0$   $S_1$   $S_2$   $S_3$   
 $S_0$   $S_1$   $S_2$   $S_3$   
 $S_1$   
 $S_2$  (see video!)  
 $S_3$

## 13.3 P.S.A.

Know:  $L(M)$ , det (d) non-det

given non-det  $\rightarrow$  make a det P.S.A

## 13.4 Language Recognition

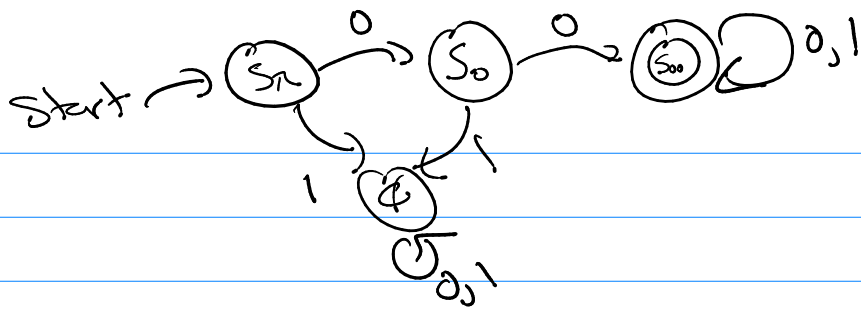
given a language (set of strings of symbols)

(1) Make an P.S.A to recognize it?

(2) Find productions of a grammar that generate it?

ex  $L = 00 \Sigma_{0,1}^*$

FSA



Grammar:

$S \rightarrow 00C$

$C \rightarrow 1C$

$C \rightarrow 0C$

$C \rightarrow \epsilon$

Look at a specific type of language...

Def

a regular set is inductively defined by

- ① Basis:
  - $\{\epsilon\}$  is regular
  - $\{\epsilon, \pi\}$  is regular
  - $\{x\} \cup \text{regular}$   $x \in \Sigma$

- ② if  $A, B$  are regular  
then:  $AB, A \cup B, A^*$  are regular

so  $\{0, 01^*, 0\{0,1\}^*10^A, \pi\}$  is regular

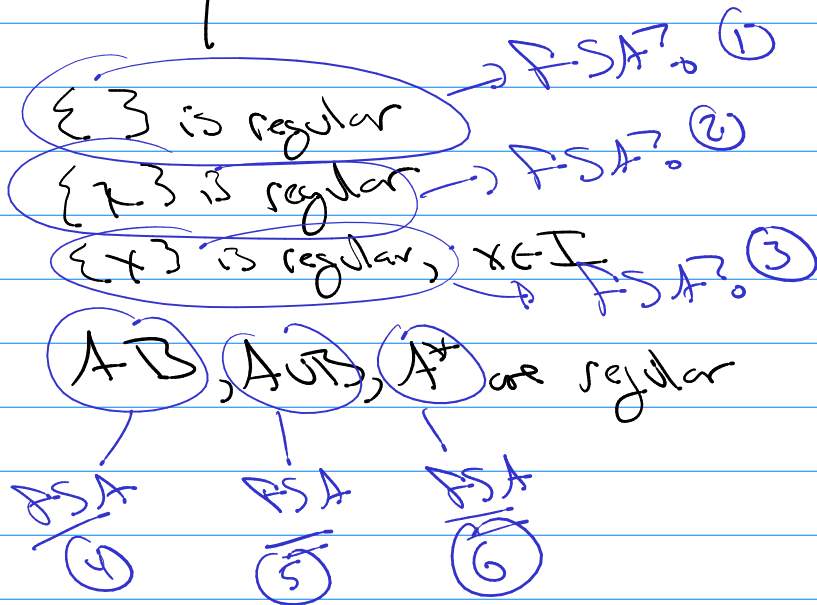
and  $\{0^n 1^n, n \geq 1\}$  is not regular

$\pi, 01, 0011, 000111, \dots$

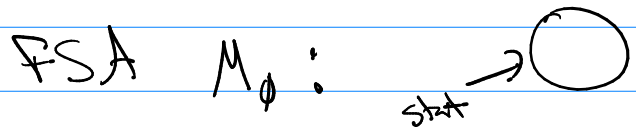
given a language  $L$  or regular sets  $\rightarrow$  Make a F.S.A?

Thm Kleene's thm

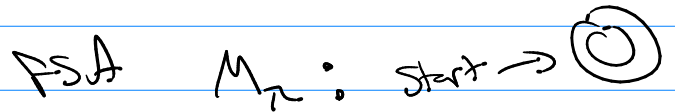
a set is regular (iff) it is recognized by a F.S.A



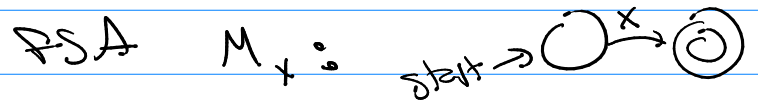
①  $\{ \}$  is regular



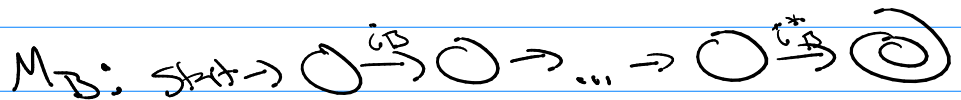
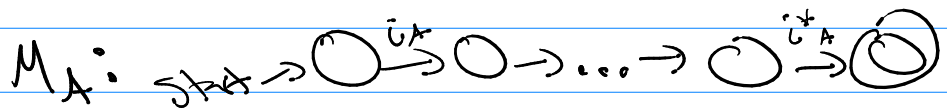
②  $\{ \Sigma \}$  is regular



③  $\{ x \}$  is regular



assum:  $A, B$  are regular and have machines



④  $M_{AB}$ : (?)    ⑤  $M_{A \cup B}$ : (?)    ⑥  $M_{A^*}$ : (?)

MAUB:

