

# Math 322

Final Exam

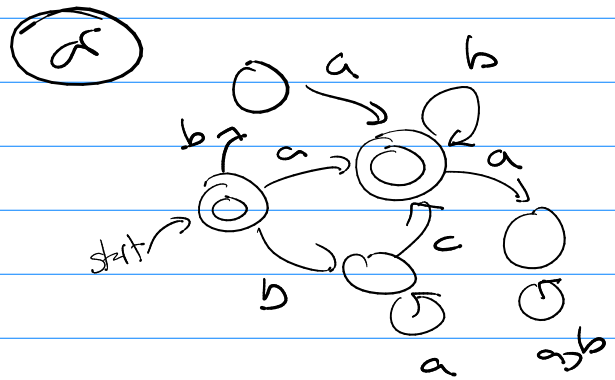
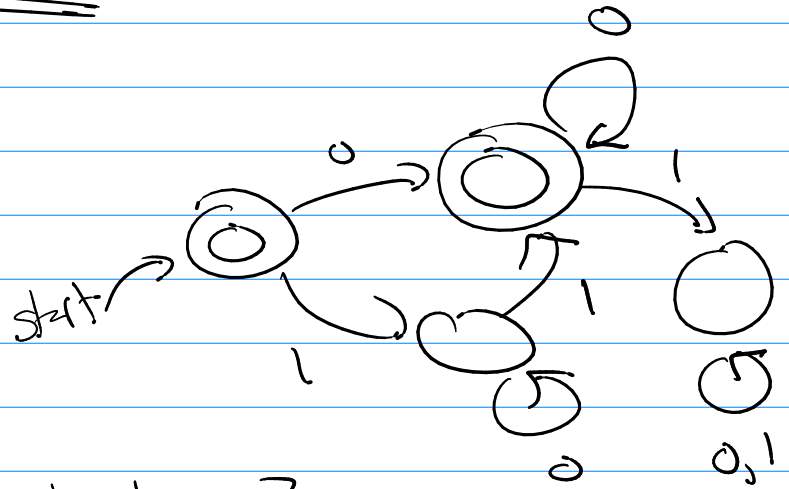
16 probs  $\rightarrow$  150 pts = 100%  
@ 10pts

take 4 probs per exam

Variables:

Lex  $L(M)$

How to find the language?



Time Wed May 10th 9am - 10:50am

Place: here

Study?

EXAM 1

Yes 1) Is the relation  $R$  consisting of all ordered pairs  $(a, b)$  such that  $a$  and  $b$  are people and have one common parent: reflexive, irreflexive, symmetric, antisymmetric, asymmetric, and/or transitive? If a property doesn't hold give a counter-example and **state the logical definitions of the properties** as you consider them.

No 2) Given the relation  $R_1 = \{(a, b) | b = 2a\}$  on the set of positive integers from 1 to 12 and  $R_2 = \{(a, b) | b = 3a\}$  find the relation  $R_1 \cap R_2$ .

No 3) The 4-tuples in a 4-ary relation represent these attributes of published books: title, ISBN, publication date, number of pages. What is the likely primary key for this relation? Under what conditions would (title, publication date) be a composite key?

4) Prove: If  $R$  on set  $A$  is transitive, then  $\forall n R^n \subseteq R$ ,  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

5) Represent the relation  $R = \{(a, a), (a, c), (b, a), (c, a), (c, b)\}$  on the set  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$  as a digraph and a matrix.

6) For the set  $A = \{a, b, c\}$ , relation  $R_1 = \{(a, a), (a, c), (b, b), (c, a)\}$ , and relation  $R_2 = \{(a, b), (b, a), (b, b), (c, c)\}$ . Represent the relations as matrices and then use matrix operations to find  $R_1 \circ R_2$ .

7) For  $R = \{(a, a), (a, c), (a, d), (b, a), (b, d), (c, a), (c, d), (d, a), (d, c)\}$  on the set  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$  find the ...  
 a) Reflexive Closure as a matrix.  
 b) Symmetric Closure as a matrix.

8) For  $R = \{(a, a), (a, b), (b, a), (b, c), (c, a)\}$  on the set  $A = \{a, b, c\}$  find the transitive closure using the join of powers of  $M_R$ .

No 9) For  $R = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, d), (b, a), (b, c), (c, d), (d, c)\}$  on the set  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$  find the transitive closure using Warshall's Algorithm.

10) Show that the relation  $R$  consisting of all pairs  $(f, g)$  such that the second derivative of  $f$  and the second derivative of  $g$  are equal is an equivalence relation on the set of all polynomials with real-valued coefficients.

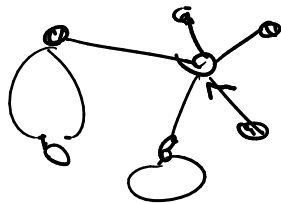
No 11) For the relation given above which functions are in the same equivalence class as  $f(x) = 2x - 1$ ?

12) Show that  $(\mathbb{Z}^+, |)$  is a partial ordering.

13) For the given Hasse diagram ...

- a) State the maximal, minimal, greatest, and least elements.
- b) Create a topological sort.

EXAM 2



- 1a) Name the graph.
- 1b) Name the graph.
- 1c) Name the graph.
- 1d) Draw a pseudograph with 5 vertices that has exactly two vertices of odd degree. Label those two vertices with  $o_1$  and  $o_2$ .

or ... (other graph apps)

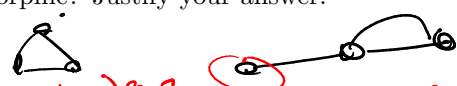
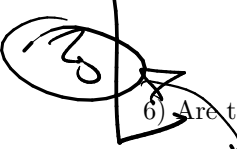
2) Construct an influence graph if Mark can influence Joe and Jane, Mark is influenced by Scott and Mary. Joe influences Jane and is influenced by Mary. Mary can influence Mark, Joe, John, and herself.

3) Draw the graph  $W_5$  and state the number of vertices, edges, and degree for each vertex. Verify that the Handshake theorem applies.

$K_n, C_n, W_n, Q_n, K_{n,m}$

4) Draw  $C_6$  and determine if it is bipartite. Explain and name any theorems used to determine if it is, or is not, bipartite.

5) Are the graphs isomorphic? Justify your answer.



NO

6) Are the graphs isomorphic? Justify your answer.

Not isomorphic problem.

all deg 2  $\rightarrow$  deg = 1 not a simple graph! Broken invariant

7) Draw a directed multi-graph with 5 vertices that is weakly connected and not strongly connected.

NO

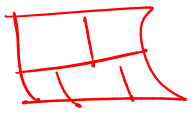
8) For the given undirected graph find  $\kappa(G)$  and  $\lambda(G)$ . State the vertices that make a minimal vertex cut. State the edges that make a minimal edge cut.



9) For the given puzzle, can you draw a continuous curve or a continuous closed curve that cuts each line segment exactly once? Explain your reasoning and any used theorems. If a curve exists draw one.

NO

24



Euler's path/circuit problem.

10) State Dirac's and Ore's Theorems and can they be applied to  $Q_3$ ? Find a Hamilton Circuit for  $Q_3$ .

11) Draw  $K_5$  and determine if it has an Euler circuit or path. State the theorems you use to determine whether it does or not. If it does have an Euler circuit or path DO NOT actually find it. 5 points extra credit: For what values of  $n$  will  $K_n$  have an Euler circuit?

12)

Find the paths and lengths for the shortest paths between  $G$  and every other vertex in the graph.

Dijkstra.

### EXAM 3

1) You receive the following message via a social media application "Send the message 'I love Math' to 5 of your friends and you will get an A in Math 007!" If a total of 1000 people send the message, how many people are in the tree? How many edges are in the tree? How many received it and did not send it out? What can you say about the height of the tree?

$$n = i + 2$$
$$n = m + 1$$

$$h \geq \lceil \log_2 n \rceil$$

2)

Prove: For an  $m$ -ary tree of height  $h$  with  $l$  leaves,  $l \leq m^h$ .

3)

In a best case situation, how many weighings of a balance scale are needed if given four coins you may have a heavy counterfeit? Construct a decision tree to find the counterfeit or determine if there is no counterfeit.

1-tree application.

Create a decision tree that orders the elements of the list  $a, b, c$ .

5) Draw the game tree for nim if the starting position consists of three piles with two, one, and one stones respectively  $[(2), (1), (1)]$ . Who wins the game if both players follow an optimal strategy?

or tree table

6)

How many ways to parenthesize the expression  $x + y + z - x + y - z$ ? Explain your reasoning.

7)

Write the inorder, preorder, and postorder traversal of the given tree.

are pnb.

8) For the post-fix expression  $5, 3, -, \text{abs}, 2, 3, \text{sin}, *, +$

- a) Construct the rooted tree for the given expression.
- b) Write the expression using in-fix notation.
- c) Write the expression using pre-fix notation.

?

9) Use a bit table to verify De Morgan's laws  $\overline{x + y} = \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}$ .

No

Using only the Identity, Complement, Associative, Commutative, and/or Distributive laws of a Boolean Algebra verify that  $x \vee x = x$  and that  $\bar{0} = 1$ .

?

11) Find the sum of products for  $F(x, y, z) = x \cdot (x + (y \cdot z))$  without using a table.

12) Find the product of sums for  $F(x, y, z) = (x + y) \cdot z$  by using a table.

EXAM 4

?

1) For the grammar with  $V = \{0, 1, A, S\}$ ,  $T = \{0, 1\}$ , and the productions  $S \rightarrow 0A$ ,  $S \rightarrow 1$ ,  $S \rightarrow \lambda$ ,  $A \rightarrow 0A$ , and  $A \rightarrow 1$  find  $L(G)$ .

No

2) Name the grammar type (give its type number and name) and circle the productions that prevent it from being the next restrictive type.

- a)  $S \rightarrow A, S \rightarrow B, S \rightarrow \lambda, A \rightarrow Ab, B \rightarrow aB, A \rightarrow a$ , and  $B \rightarrow b$
- b)  $S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow aAb, B \rightarrow bBa, A \rightarrow \lambda$ , and  $B \rightarrow \lambda$
- c)  $S \rightarrow AB, B \rightarrow aAb, A \rightarrow a$ , and  $A \rightarrow B$
- d)  $S \rightarrow A, S \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow aB, B \rightarrow bB$ , and  $A \rightarrow a$

?

3) Construct a finite-state machine with output that models a candy machine that accepts only pennies. Candy costs 2 cents and the machine always keeps the money for any amount greater than 2 cents. The customer can push buttons to receive candy or to return pennies. Represent the machine with a state table and state diagram.

4) Construct a finite-state machine with output that delays input by two bits using 00 for the delay. Represent the machine with a state diagram.

?

5) Determine the language recognized by the given finite-state automaton.

det

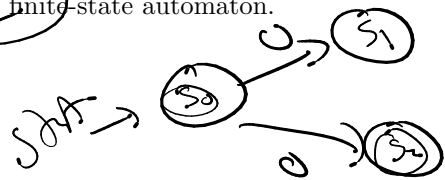
?

6) Determine the language recognized by the given finite-state automaton.

Non-det

?

7) Construct a deterministic finite-state automaton that recognizes the same language as the given non-deterministic finite-state automaton.



7

8) Using the constructions described in the proof of Kleene's Theorem, find a non-deterministic finite-state automaton that recognizes  $(1 \cup 00)^*$ .

8

9) Construct a non-deterministic finite-state automaton that recognizes the language generated by the regular grammar with  $V = \{0, 1, A, S\}$ ,  $T = \{0, 1\}$ , and the productions  $S \rightarrow 0A$ ,  $S \rightarrow 1$ ,  $S \rightarrow \lambda$ ,  $A \rightarrow 0A$ , and  $A \rightarrow 1$ .

7

10) Construct a Turing machine for the non-negative integers in unary format that computes the function  $f(n) = n - 2$ . If  $n - 2$  is less than zero then the function should return zero. Run your Turing machine on the input ... , B, 1, 1, 1, 1, B ...

$$A(n) = n - k$$

$$f(n) = n \text{ mod } k$$

$$f(n_1, n_2) = n_1 + n_2$$